

DIRECTEL HOLDINGS LIMITED 直通電訊控股有限公司 (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock code: 8337)

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.

This announcement, for which the directors (the "Director(s)") of Directel Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief: (1) the information contained in this announcement is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive; and (2) there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this announcement misleading.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2019 was approximately HK\$113,505,000, representing a decrease of approximately 1.1% as compared with the corresponding period in 2018.
- Loss attributable to shareholders of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2019 was approximately HK\$12,857,000, while profit attributable to shareholders of the Company for the corresponding period in 2018 was approximately HK\$2,818,000.
- The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2019.

UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

The board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company hereby announces the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") for the three months and the six months ended 30 June 2019 together with the unaudited comparative figures for the respective corresponding period in 2018 as follows:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		For the three months ended 30 June 2019 2018		e ended 30 Jun	
	Note	<i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	<i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	<i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Revenue	5,6	56,188	67,557	113,505	114,722
Cost of sales		(55,606)	(61,784)	(113,286)	(101,544)
Gross profit	- ()	582	5,773	219	13,178
Other income	7(a)	127	180	136	262
Other net loss	7(b)	(804)	(1,022)	(1,482)	(779)
Administrative and other operating expenses		(6,659)	(4,630)	(11,897)	(8,808)
(Loss)/profit from operations		(6,754)	301	(13,024)	3,853
Finance costs	8(a)	(24)		(24)	
(Loss)/profit before taxation	8	(6,778)	301	(13,048)	3,853
Income tax credit/(expense)	9	191	(297)	191	(1,035)
(Loss)/profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Company Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax:		(6,587)	4	(12,857)	2,818
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income – net movement in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		19	219	(555)	765
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries		(86)	(1,227)	(49)	(514)
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to equity shareholders			(1.00.1)		2 0/0
of the Company		(6,654)	(1,004)	(13,461)	3,069
(Loss)/earnings per share – Basic (HK cents) – Diluted (HK cents)	11	(0.19) (0.19)	0.00	(0.40) (0.40)	0.10 0.08

There is no tax effect relating to the above components of other comprehensive income.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Note	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	12	10,325	11,739
Goodwill	12	34,003	
Intangible assets		3,652	4,869
Other non-current financial assets	13	2,184	2,739
Deferred tax assets		1,783	1,783
Right-of-use assets		939	
Total non-current assets		52,886	55,133
Current assets			
Inventories	14	4,762	3,522
Trade receivables	15	41,005	55,358
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	15	17,403	14,309
Pledged bank deposits	16	200	200
Cash and cash equivalents	16	50,170	15,711
Total current assets		113,540	89,100
Current liabilities			
Payables and accruals and contract liabilities	17	12,359	10,972
Lease liabilities	17	383	-
			10.072
Total current liabilities		12,742	10,972
Net current assets		100,798	78,128
Total assets less current liabilities		153,684	133,261
Non-current liabilities			
Contingent consideration payables		34,933	33,433
Lease liabilities		570	
Deferred tax liabilities		1,578	1,769
Total non-current liabilities		37,081	35,202
Net assets		116,603	98,059

		As at	As at
		30 June 3	1 December
		2019	2018
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Note	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	18	36,975	31,125
Share premium		74,517	46,749
Warrant reserve		_	1,654
Exchange reserve		(1,332)	(1,283)
Fair value reserve		167	722
Retained profits		6,276	19,092
Total equity		116,603	98,059

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Share capital <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	Share premium HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Warrant reserve HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Exchange reserve <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	Fair value reserve (recycling) <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Fair value reserve (non- recycling) <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	Retained profits HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Total equity HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Balance at 1 January 2018 <i>(Note)</i> Impact on initial application on IFRS 9	31,125	46,749	1,654	135	89 (89)		20,870	100,622
Adjusted balance at 1 January 2018	31,125	46,749	1,654	135		89	20,870	100,622
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period		-		(514)		- 765	2,818	2,818 251
Total comprehensive income for the period				(514)			2,818	3,069
Balance at 30 June 2018	31,125	46,749	1,654	(379)		854	23,688	103,691
Balance at 1 January 2019	31,125	46,749	1,654	(1,283)		722	19,092	98,059
Loss for the period Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	(49)	-	(555)	(12,857)	(12,857)
Total comprehensive income for the period				(49)		(555)	(12,857)	(13,461)
Shares issued under warrant subscription agreement <i>(note 18)</i> Unlisted warrants lapsed during the period	5,850 	27,768	(1,613)	-	-	-	- 41	32,005
Balance at 30 June 2019	36,975	74,517		(1,332)		167	6,276	116,603

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

1. BACKGROUND OF THE COMPANY

Directel Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 28 July 2009 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Its principal place of business in Hong Kong is at Office Nos. 1, 2, 14 and 15, 37th Floor, Hong Kong Plaza, No. 188 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong and its registered office is at Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands.

The Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of telecommunications services and distribution business.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim financial report of the Group has been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange, including compliance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). It was authorised for issue on 9 August 2019.

The interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies adopted in the 2018 annual financial statements, except for the accounting policy changes that are expected to be reflected in the 2019 annual financial statements. Details of any changes in accounting policies are set out in note 3.

The preparation of an interim financial report in conformity with IAS 34 requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses on a year to date basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The interim financial report contains condensed consolidated financial statements and selected explanatory notes. The notes include an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the 2018 annual financial statements. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereon do not include all of the information required for a full set of financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

The interim financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2019 is unaudited, but has been reviewed by the Company's audit committee.

The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31 December 2018 that is included in the interim financial report as comparative information does not constitute the Company's statutory annual consolidated financial statements for that financial year but is derived from those financial statements. 2018 annual report is available at the Company's registered office. The Company's auditor has reported on those financial statements. The auditor's report was unqualified.

3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The IASB has issued a new IFRS, IFRS 16, *Leases*, and a number of amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

Except for IFRS 16, *Leases*, none of the developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in this interim financial report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

IFRS 16, Leases

IFRS 16 replaces IAS 17, *Leases*, and the related interpretations, IFRIC 4, *Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease*, SIC 15, *Operating leases – incentives*, and SIC 27, *Evaluating the substance of transactions involving the legal form of a lease*. It introduces a single accounting model for lessees, which requires a lessee to recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases, except for leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less ("short-term leases") and leases of low value assets. The lessor accounting requirements are brought forward from IAS 17 substantially unchanged.

The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 as from 1 January 2019. The Group has elected to use the modified retrospective approach and has therefore recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2019. Comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under IAS 17.

Further details of the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies and the transition options applied are set out below:

(a) Changes in the accounting policies

(i) New definition of a lease

The change in the definition of a lease mainly relates to the concept of control. IFRS 16 defines a lease on the basis of whether a customer controls the use of an identified asset for a period of time, which may be determined by a defined amount of use. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

The Group applies the new definition of a lease in IFRS 16 only to contracts that were entered into or changed on or after 1 January 2019. For contracts entered into before 1 January 2019, the Group has used the transitional practical expedient to grandfather the previous assessment of which existing arrangements are or contain leases.

Accordingly, contracts that were previously assessed as leases under IAS 17 continue to be accounted for as leases under IFRS 16 and contracts previously assessed as non-lease service arrangements continue to be accounted for as executory contracts.

(ii) Lessee accounting

IFRS 16 eliminates the requirement for a lessee to classify leases as either operating leases or finance leases, as was previously required by IAS 17. Instead, the Group is required to capitalise all leases when it is the lessee, including leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17, other than those short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. As far as the Group is concerned, these newly capitalised leases are primarily in relation to property, plant and equipment and transmission lines as disclosed in note 20(b).

Where the contract contains lease components and non-lease components, the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. For the Group, low-value assets are typically laptops or office furniture. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

(b) Critical accounting judgement and sources of estimation uncertainty in applying the above accounting policies

Determining the lease term

As explained in the above accounting policies, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term. In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options exercisable by the Group, the Group evaluates the likelihood of exercising the renewal options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation. The lease term is reassessed when there is a significant event or significant change in circumstance that is within the Group's control. Any increase or decrease in the lease term would affect the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised in future years.

(c) Transitional impact

At the date of transition to IFRS 16 (i.e. 1 January 2019), the Group determined the length of the remaining lease terms and measured the lease liabilities for the leases previously classified as operating leases at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the relevant incremental borrowing rates at 1 January 2019.

To ease the transition to IFRS 16, the Group applied the following recognition exemption and practical expedients at the date of initial application of IFRS 16:

(i) the Group elected not to apply the requirements of IFRS 16 in respect of the recognition of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets to leases for which the remaining lease term ends within 12 months from the date of initial application of IFRS 16, i.e. where the lease term ends on or before 31 December 2019; and

(ii) when measuring the lease liabilities at the date of initial application of IFRS 16, the Group applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics (such as leases with a similar remaining lease term for a similar class of underlying asset in a similar economic environment).

The following table reconciles the operating lease commitments as disclosed in note 20(b) as at 31 December 2018 to the opening balance for lease liabilities recognised as at 1 January 2019:

	1 January 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Operating lease commitments at 31 December 2018 Less: commitments relating to leases exempt from capitalisation: – short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease term ending on or	2,919
before 31 December 2019	(1,848)
	1,071
Less: total future interest expenses	(149)
Present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2019	922

The right-of-use assets in relation to leases previously classified as operating leases have been recognised at an amount equal to the amount recognised for the remaining lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the statement of financial position at 31 December 2018.

The following table summarises the impacts of the adoption of IFRS 16 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position:

	Carrying amount at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)	Capitalisation of operating lease contracts <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Carrying amount at 1 January 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)
Line items in the consolidated statement of financial position impacted by the adoption of IFRS 16:			
Right-of-use assets	_	922	922
Total non-current assets	55,133	922	56,055
Lease liabilities (current)	_	307	307
Total current liabilities	10,972	307	11,279
Net current assets	78,128	(307)	77,821
Total assets less current liabilities	133,261	615	133,876
Lease liabilities (non-current)	_	615	615
Total non-current liabilities	35,202	615	35,817

(d) Lease liabilities

The remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities at the end of the reporting period and at the date of transition to IFRS 16 are as follows:

	At 30 Ju Present	ne 2019	At 1 January 20 Present	
	value of the minimum lease payments <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Total minimum lease payments <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	value of the minimum lease payments <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Total minimum lease payments <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)
Within 1 year	383	426	307	351
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years After 5 years	157 225 188 570	186 277 199 662	171 214 230 615	200 273 247 720
	953	1,088	922	1,071
Less: total future interest expenses		(135)		(149)
Present value of lease liabilities		953		922

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

5. **REVENUE**

The principal activities of the Group are the telecommunications services and distribution business. Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in note 6.

Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by products or service lines is as follows:

	For the three months ended 30 June		For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019 2018		2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Telecommunications services	15,994	31,526	28,873	59,773
Distribution business	40,194	36,031	84,632	54,949
	56,188	67,557	113,505	114,722

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition and by geographic markets is disclosed in notes 6(a) and 6(b) respectively.

Revenue from transactions with external customers, including revenue derived from individual customers who are known to the Group to be subject to common control, amounting to 10% or more of the Group's aggregate revenue for each of the periods are as follows:

	For the three months ended 30 June		For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Customer A – distribution business	18,243	_	34,609	_
Customer B – distribution business	7,583	-	16,570	_
Customer C – distribution business	6,239		14,769	

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segment is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker ("CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the key management team of the Company. The CODM reviews the Group's internal reports in order to assess performance, allocate resources and determine the operating segments.

The CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on the results attributable to each reportable segment. Interest income and expense are not allocated to segment, as this type of activity is driven by the central treasury function, which manages the cash position of the Group.

The CODM has determined the operating segments based on these reports. The Group is organised into two business segments:

- (i) Telecommunications services: Provision of telecommunications services
- (ii) Distribution business: Distribution of mobile phones and electronic products and distribution of mobile and data top-up e-vouchers

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the reportable segments.

(a) Segment results

The CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on the revenue from external customers and reportable segment profit (i.e. revenue less cost of sales). Segment profits do not include other income, other net loss, finance costs and unallocated corporate expenses.

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition, as well as information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the six months ended 30 June 2019 and 2018 is set out below.

	For the six months ended 30 June 2019			
	Telecommunications services <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Distribution business <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Total <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition				
Point in time	-	84,632	84,632	
Over time	28,873	_	28,873	
Revenue from external customers	28,873	84,632	113,505	
Reportable segment revenue and consolidated				
revenue	28,873	84,632	113,505	
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	(1,803)	2,022	219	
Other income			136	
Other net loss			(1,482)	
Finance costs			(24)	
Unallocated corporate expenses			(11,897)	
Consolidated loss before taxation			(13,048)	

	For the six months ended 30 June 2018			
	Telecommunications services <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Distribution business <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	Total <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition				
Point in time	-	54,949	54,949	
Over time	59,773	-	59,773	
Revenue from external customers	59,773	54,949	114,722	
Reportable segment revenue and consolidated revenue	59,773	54,949	114,722	
	·	<u> </u>		
Reportable segment profit Other income Other net loss Unallocated corporate expenses	12,160	1,018	13,178 262 (779) (8,808)	
Consolidated profit before taxation			3,853	

Information of assets and liabilities for reportable segments are not provided to CODM for their review. Therefore, no analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments are presented.

(b) Geographical information

The following table sets out information about the geographical locations of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the location of the operation to which they are allocated.

	Revenue from external customers		Spec non-curre		
	For the six	x months	As at	At as	
	ended 3	0 June	30 June	31 December	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
Hong Kong	48,875	38,170	10,294	11,706	
Mainland China	28,378	41,354	26	27	
Singapore	36,252	35,198	5	6	
	113,505	114,722	10,325	11,739	

7. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER NET LOSS

		For the three months ended 30 June				
		2019 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	
(a)	Other income Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Sundry income	57 70 127	71 109 180	59 77 136	153 109 262	
(b)	Other net loss Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain Fair value change on contingent consideration (<i>note 19(i</i>))	(54) (750) (804)	(1,022)	18 (1,500) (1,482)	(779) (779)	

8. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

(Loss)/profit before taxation is arrived at after charging:

		For the thr ended 3		For the size ended 3	
		2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)
(a)	Finance costs: Interest on lease liabilities	24		24	
(b)	Staff costs: Salaries, wages and other benefits Contributions to retirement benefit	1,244	1,094	2,470	2,116
	schemes	84	74	161	140
		1,328	1,168	2,631	2,256
(c)	Other items: Amortisation of intangible assets	608	608	1,217	1,228
	Depreciation	000	000	1,217	1,220
	– owned property plant and equipment	737	711	1,474	1,417
	 right-of-use assets 	165	_	165	-
	Impairment loss of trade receivables	695	_	695	_
	Operating lease charges in respect of – rental of properties	344	374	739	736
	– rental of transmission lines	83	298	353	533
	Auditors' remuneration		_,,,		000
	– audit services	430	304	786	608
	– tax services	5	13	5	25
	Cost of inventories	39,437	35,759	82,861	54,817
	Licence charges	184	216	521	602
	Repairs and maintenance	550	132	885	253

9. INCOME TAX CREDIT/(EXPENSE) IN THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	For the three months ended 30 June		For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019 2018 2019		2019 20	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Current tax				
– Hong Kong Profits Tax	-	-	-	-
– Overseas Tax	_	-	-	-
Deferred tax	191	(297)	191	(1,035)
	191	(297)	191	(1,035)

(i) Hong Kong Profits Tax

The Company's Hong Kong subsidiaries are subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax. In addition, whilst the Company and Elitel Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, are incorporated in the Cayman Islands, they are considered as having a presence in Hong Kong for tax purpose since they are primarily managed and controlled in Hong Kong. Accordingly, they are subject to tax on an entity basis on income arising in or derived from Hong Kong. The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the three months and the six months ended 30 June 2019 is calculated at the rate of 16.5% (three months and six months ended 30 June 2018: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the period. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the three months and the six months ended 30 June 2019 (2018: Nil) as the Group's operations in Hong Kong either had no assessable profit or had accumulated tax losses brought forward to offset estimated assessable profits for the period.

(ii) Overseas Tax

Taxation for overseas subsidiaries is charged at the approximately current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant countries.

10. DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2019. No interim dividend was paid in respect of the six months ended 30 June 2018.

11. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity shareholders of the Company is based on the following data:

	For the three months ended 30 June				
	2019 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	
(Loss)/profit for the period attributable to the ordinary equity shareholders of the Company for the purpose of basic and diluted (loss)/ earnings per share	(6,587)	4	(12.857)	2.818	

(a) Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)

	For the three months ended 30 June		For the six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Number	Number	Number	Number
	of shares	of shares	of shares	of shares
	'000	'000	'000	'000
Issued ordinary shares at 1 January	3,112,500	3,112,500	3,112,500	3,112,500
Effect of unlisted warrants exercised	270,000		135,746	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June	3,382,500	3,112,500	3,248,246	3,112,500
•				. ,

(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

	For the three months ended 30 June			
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Number	Number	Number	Number
	of shares	of shares	of shares	of shares
	'000	'000	'000	'000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)	3,382,500	3,112,500	3,248,246	3,112,500
Effect of unlisted warrants on deemed issue for nil consideration		241,957		241,957
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at 30 June	3,382,500	3,354,457	3,248,246	3,354,457

Diluted loss per share was the same as basic loss per share for the three months and the six months ended 30 June 2019 as the potential ordinary shares under the unlisted warrants have anti-dilutive effects on the basic loss per share.

12. MOVEMENTS IN PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group acquired items of property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of approximately HK\$60,000 (six months ended 30 June 2018: approximately HK\$395,000).

Right-of-use assets

As discussed in note 3, the Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method and adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17. Further details on the net book value of the Group's right-of-use assets are set out in note 3.

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, the Group entered into a number of lease agreements for use of properties and transmission lines, and therefore recognised the additions to right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$182,000.

13. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i>	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Equity securities designated at FVOCI (non-recycling)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
– Listed in Hong Kong	2,184	2,739

The equity securities are shares in Hospital Corporation of China Limited, a listed equity securities (stock code: 3869) listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and mainly engaged in operation and management of its privately owned hospital in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**"). The Group designated the listed equity securities as measured in FVOCI (non-recycling), as the investments are held for strategic purposes. No dividends were received on these investments for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (2018: Nil).

14. INVENTORIES

15.

	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
SIM cards Recharge and top-up vouchers Mobile phones and electronic products	1,545 2,106 1,111	1,104 86 2,332
	4,762	3,522
RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS		
	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Trade receivables – amounts due from third parties Less: loss allowance	41,918 (913)	55,576 (218)
	41,005	55,358
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments – amounts due from related parties – other receivables – deposits and prepayments	50 1,426 15,927 17,403	8 1,907 12,394 14,309
	58,408	69,667

All of the other trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year.

Ageing analysis

As the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade debtors, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Audited)
Within 1 month Over 1 month but within 3 months Over 3 months but within 6 months Over 6 months but within 12 months	13,706 6,355 6,648 14,296	20,900 16,093 10,201 8,164 55,358
Over 3 months but within 6 months	6,64	48 96

Generally, the provision of telecommunications services and distribution business to the Group's major customers, including their dealers, are made in an open account with credit terms up to 60 days after the date of invoice. Subject to negotiations, credit terms can be extended to three to six months (2018: three to six months) for certain customers with well-established trading and payment records on a case-by-case basis. Provision of telecommunications services to the Group's prepaid users are billed in advance, whereas postpaid users are made in an open account with credit terms up to 12 days after the date of invoice.

16. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Deposits with banks Cash at banks and other financial institution Cash on hand	28,211 22,112 47	1,366 14,448 97
Less: pledged bank deposits (note)	50,370 (200)	15,911 (200)
Cash and cash equivalents in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position and the condensed consolidated cash flow statement	50,170	15,711

Note: Bank deposits of HK\$200,000 (2018: HK\$200,000) were pledged for the issuance of a performance bond by a bank.

17. PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Trade payables		
amounts due to related partiesamounts due to third parties	11 7,200	14 5,822
	7,211	5,836
Other payables and accruals – accrued charges and deposits	4,377	4,250
Contracts liabilities		
Telecommunications services – advance payments		886
	12,359	10,972

Trade and other payables (including amounts due to related parties) are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

(a) Trade payables

At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Within 1 month Over 1 month but within 3 months Over 3 months but within 6 months Over 6 months but within 12 months	1,935 2,943 53 2,280	1,927 1,554 2,355
	7,211	5,836

(b) Contract liabilities

Typical payment terms which impact on the amount of contract liabilities recognised are as follows:

The Group provides telecommunications services to customers through a variety of plans on a prepaid basis. Revenue is recognised using an output method, either as the service entitlement units are used or as time elapses, because it reflects the pattern by which the Group satisfies the performance obligation through the transfer of service to the customer. The service is generally billed in advance, which results in a contract liability.

The above balances represent the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially satisfied at the end of the reporting period, all of which will be recognised as revenue during the subsequent reporting period.

Movements in contract liabilities

	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Audited)
Balance at 1 January	886	1,156
Decrease due to the recognition of		
revenue for contract liabilities at the beginning of the period/year	(886)	(1,156)
Increase due to cash received during the period/year	2,134	48,336
Decrease due to the recognition of		
revenue for cash received during the period/year	(1,363)	(47,450)
	771	886

18. SHARE CAPITAL

	As at 30 J	une 2019	As at 31 Dece	ember 2018
	Number	Nominal	Number	Nominal
	of shares	value	of shares	value
		HK\$'000		HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Authorised:				
At beginning and end of period/year	10,000,000,000	100,000	10,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:				
At beginning of period/year	3,112,500,000	31,125	3,112,500,000	31,125
Shares issued under warrant subscription agreement	585,000,000	5,850		
At end of period/year	3,697,500,000	36,975	3,112,500,000	31,125

Note: During the six months ended 30 June 2019, 195,000,000 unlisted warrants were exercised to subscribe for 585,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company at a gross proceeds of approximately HK\$32,117,000 (net proceeds of approximately HK\$32,005,000) and 5,000,000 unlisted warrants were lapsed on 28 May 2019.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

19. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, *Fair value measurement*. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

			alue measureme ne 2019 categori	
	Fair value at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Level 1 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Level 2 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Level 3 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)
Recurring fair value measurements <i>Assets:</i>				
Non-trading listed securities Liabilities:	2,184	2,184	-	-
Contingent consideration payables	34,933			34,933
			alue measuremer nber 2018 catego	
	Fair value at 31 December			
	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Audited)	Level 1 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Audited)	Level 2 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Audited)	Level 3 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Audited)
Recurring fair value measurements <i>Assets:</i>				
Non-trading listed securities Liabilities:	2,739	2,739	-	-
Contingent consideration payables	33,433			33,433

During the six months ended 30 June 2019 and the year ended 31 December 2018, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

The fair value of the contingent consideration relating to the acquisition of subsidiaries is determined using discounted cash flows, based on the expected payment and the latest financial forecast of the acquired subsidiaries and other relevant information.

The movement during the period/year in the balance of Level 3 fair value measurement is as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Contingent consideration At beginning of period/year Fair value change on contingent consideration (<i>note</i> 7(<i>b</i>))	33,433 1,500	30,442 2,991
At end of period/year	34,933	33,433

The fair value change on contingent consideration is included in "Other net loss" in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for liability held at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost were not materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018.

20. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments outstanding at 30 June 2019 not provided for in the interim financial report:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Contracted for	-	1,141

(b) At 31 December 2018, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were payable as follows:

	As at 31 December 2018 Transmiss	
	Properties HK\$'000	lines <i>HK\$`000</i>
	(Audited)	(Audited)
Within 1 year	1,341	841
After 1 year but within 5 years	359	131
After 5 years	247	
	1,947	972

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties and transmission lines held under leases which were previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17. The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the Group adjusted the opening balances at 1 January 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to these leases (see note 3). From 1 January 2019 onwards, future lease payments are recognised as lease liabilities in the statement of financial position in accordance with the policies set out in note 3.

21. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Relationship between the Group and related parties

(i) Controlling shareholders of the Group

- Li Kin Shing
- Kwok King Wa

(ii) Subject to common control from controlling shareholders

- China Elite Information Technology Ltd.
- Directel Limited
- Fastary Limited
- International Elite Ltd. (ceased to be subjected to common control of the controlling shareholder till 28 November 2018)
- International Elite Limited Macao Commercial Offshore (ceased to be subjected to common control of the controlling shareholder till 28 November 2018)
- PacificNet Communications Limited Macao Commercial Offshore
- Sunward Telecom Limited (incorporated in the BVI)
- Sunward Telecom Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands)
- Talent Group (International) Limited

- Talent Information Engineering Co. Limited
- Target Link Enterprises Limited
- Xiamen Elite Electric Co., Ltd.
- 廣州國聯智慧信息技術有限公司
- China Elite Info Co., Ltd.
- Winet Engineering Limited

(b) Transactions

The Group entered into the following material related party transactions:

	For the three ended 3		For the six ended 30	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Continuing after the Listing				
Services rendered (i)	214	214	428	428
Rental of properties (ii)	249	249	498	498

Notes:

- (i) Services rendered by related parties related to data processing and billing management services, built-in-secretarial and customer hotline services and development and maintenance of the Company's website, on-line platform and mobile application.
- (ii) The Group has leased certain properties under operating lease from a related party at an aggregate monthly rental of HK\$83,000 for the period from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019.

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the above transactions with related parties were conducted on terms and conditions that are mutually agreed in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

(c) Balances with related parties

As at the respective end of the reporting period, the Group had the following balances with related parties:

	As at 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2018 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Amounts due from related parties – trade	50	8
Amounts due to related parties – trade	(11)	(14)

Notes: The amounts due from/(to) related parties are unsecured, interest-free and recoverable/(repayable) on demand and is included in "Other receivables, deposits and prepayment" (note 15) and "Payables and accruals and contract liabilities" (note 17) respectively.

(d) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors and certain of the individuals with highest emoluments, are as follows:

	For the three ended 3		For the six ended 3	
	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2018 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)
Short-term employee benefits Contributions to retirement	533	528	1,057	1,049
benefit schemes	16	16	33	33
	549	544	1,090	1,082

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (note 8(b)).

22. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Other than the contingent consideration payables of HK\$34,933,000, as at 30 June 2019, a performance bond of HK\$200,000 was given by a bank in favour of the Office of the Communications Authority as security for the due performance and observance of the Group's obligation under Services-Based Operator Licence. The Group has pledged bank deposits for the above performance bond. The Directors do not consider it probable that a claim will be made against the Group.

23. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The Group has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019 using the modified retrospective method. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. Further details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed in note 3. Comparative figures in respective of certain components in revenue and cost of sales have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

Business in Hong Kong

The Group is a mobile virtual network operator ("MVNO") which is principally engaged in the provision of mobile telecommunications services and telecommunications value-added services. The Group does not have its own telecommunications network infrastructure and its business mainly involves the trading of the airtime and mobile data sourced from several mobile network operators ("MNOs") in and outside Hong Kong and subsequently sold the airtime and mobile data through different channels and in various forms to users and dealers. The Group also provides telesales dealership services and other services.

The Group has successfully upgraded its network in Hong Kong to be compatible with the 4G network in October 2017 and thereafter introduced the 4G services. With the introduction of the new 4G services together with the additional coverage provided by an existing service provider, the Group is able to broaden its mobile roaming coverage to over 60 countries and to launch a new mobile roaming application called "DIRECT-TX", for users to make phone calls through the application in the broadened coverage. The Group continued its marketing efforts in promoting its new 4G telecommunications services and is currently actively contacting distributors for distributors in 2017 which included a term that the distributors would commit subscription of not less than HK\$29 million and HK\$21.3 million worth of airtime and mobile data services in aggregate throughout the period ended 31 December 2018, respectively. The two contracts have been fulfilled in 2018, however, the Group was unable to secure new contracts with committed subscription with distributors in the first half of 2019 for the 4G products and similar 4G roaming products provided by other competitors can easily be found in the highly competitive mobile telecommunications industry.

As a result of the above, the revenue derived from the provision of telecommunications services decreased significantly by approximately 76.8% to approximately HK\$6,766,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 compared to approximately HK\$29,108,000 for the corresponding period last year.

The Group is currently negotiating with the service providers to further reduce the unit cost of airtime and mobile data and thus the Group would be able to reduce the selling price of the 4G products to enhance competitiveness. The Group is now actively looking for distributors to develop overseas markets to enable overseas users who would like to enjoy mobile data services during their overseas travels at lower charges. The Group believes that various 4G product offerings will help the Group to broaden its user base as well as the total usage of airtime and mobile data, which in turn will strengthen the market position of the Group and increase our revenue as well as the market share of the Group in the competitive mobile telecommunications industry.

In the second quarter of 2018, the Group has diversified its business in Hong Kong to the distribution of mobile phones and electronic products. For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the revenue generated from such distribution business which represents the sales proceeds of mobile phones and electronic products, net of returns and discounts, increased by approximately 3.6 times to approximately HK\$42,109,000 when compared with approximately HK\$9,062,000 for the corresponding period last year.

In addition, the Group has signed a cooperation agreement with a hotel booking service provider, in which the Group shall provide free mobile telecommunications services, including airtime and mobile data usage, to guests of hotels in and outside of Hong Kong who have made their hotel bookings through the designated hotel booking application or platform. The Group shall receive a commission rebated by the hotel booking service provider for the services rendered. The hotel booking application and platform have been developed and launched in the fourth quarter of 2017.

Business in the PRC

On 8 September 2017, the Group completed the acquisition of Joint Top Investments Limited ("Joint Top") together with its subsidiary, Guangzhou Directel Telecommunications Limited* 廣州直通電訊有限公司("GZDT") (together with Joint Top, the "Joint Top Group") (the "PRC Acquisition"). Following the completion of the acquisition, Joint Top became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and thereafter, the Group has been engaging in the provision of mobile telecommunications services and distribution business in Guangdong province in the PRC.

GZDT is principally engaged in three main businesses. The first is the provision of mobile telecommunications services in Guangdong province of the PRC, especially focusing on prepaid telecommunications business. It strategically sets inbound and outbound travellers as its target end users for its pre-paid telecommunications products in view of the strong demand for local and roaming telecommunications services from inbound and outbound travellers respectively. GZDT principally carries two major categories of pre-paid telecommunications products, namely (i) local pre-paid products which mainly targets inbound travellers to the PRC and allow users to enjoy voice calls and mobile data services in the PRC without incurring roaming charges; and (ii) roaming pre-paid products which mainly targets PRC outbound travellers who would like to enjoy voice calls and mobile data services during their overseas travels at lower charges. GZDT distributes the roaming pre-paid products mainly through its established network including travel agents, hotels, telecommunications services/equipment agents/distributors, retail stores/chains, automobile 4S shops and others.

In 2017, GZDT has successfully secured contracts with 5 sales channels/distributors for the pre-paid telecommunications business. Out of the 5 contracts, (i) two contracts are with local distributors which include a term that each distributor has committed subscription of not less than RMB20 million worth of mobile and data services in aggregate for the coming two years from the date of respective contracts; and (ii) one contract is with a distributor which includes a term that the relevant distributor has agreed to procure not less than RMB5 million worth of annual sales of telecommunications services provided by GZDT during the three years' contract term.

^{*} For identification only

GZDT has engaged in the provision of mobile and data top-up services sourced from the dealers of the 3 major mobile network operators in the PRC and resale to ultimate users through the e-commerce platform which is connected to various online payment platforms. Various functions of mobile phones such as online shopping, mobile navigation, video watching and online games playing etc. lead to increasing demand for mobile data traffic and trouble faced by mobile users of insufficient data traffic. Through the new mobile and data top-up services provided by GZDT, mobile users can enjoy a special discount rate on the mobile and data top-up which superimpose on their original mobile data packages and thus solve the particular needs of users such as roaming day plan and video watching plan. For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the revenue generated from the provision of mobile and data top-up services decreased by approximately 17.5% to approximately HK\$20,421,000 when compared with approximately HK\$24,747,000 for the corresponding period last year. The Directors believe that the demand of mobile data traffic will continuously make contribution to the Group's overall revenue in the coming years.

In addition to pre-paid telecommunications business, GZDT has leveraged its established relationship and connection with telecommunications services/equipment agents/distributors to commence the mobile phones distribution business. GZDT has entered into mobile phones and electronic products supply contracts with two suppliers in different provinces of the PRC which enable GZDT to sell the most popular and price competitive handsets to dealers. At the same time, GZDT is actively negotiating with other telecommunications equipment distributors for further potential business co-operation.

GZDT has successfully secured a contract with a telecommunications equipment distributor which includes a term that the relevant distributor has committed to procure sales of mobile phones and electronic products in aggregate of not less than RMB50 million throughout the period ending 31 December 2020. For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the revenue generated from the distribution business which represents the sales proceeds of the mobile phones and electronic products, net of returns and discounts, decreased by approximately 52.1% to approximately HK\$7,914,000 when compared with approximately HK\$16,512,000 for the corresponding period last year.

In addition to the abovementioned, the Group obtained the Mainland and Hong Kong Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement ("CEPA") qualification in June 2017 and obtained the approval letter from the Guangdong Communications Administration 廣東省通信管理局備案批 准 in December 2017 which allows the Group to sell its SIM cards through distributors to local customers in Guangdong Province who intend to travel abroad and use data services while they are abroad. In view of this, GZDT acts as a new distribution channel of the Group's products (especially the 4G roaming products as mentioned above) in the Guangdong Province market. The Group will continue to leverage on the established network and sales channels of GZDT to penetrate into the PRC market. In a longer term perspective, it is the Group's plan to use GZDT as a platform to reach other PRC markets outside the Guangdong Province. Thus, the Company is of the view that the PRC Acquisition will continue to enhance the Group's operation, broaden its revenue source and expand its geographical reach.

Business in Singapore

On the other hand, the Group always targets to expand its business to Southeast Asia. In September 2017, the Group completed an acquisition of South Data Communication Pte. Ltd. ("South Data"), a company incorporated in Singapore, which is principally engaged in the provision of telecommunications services and distribution business in Singapore. Following the completion of the acquisition, South Data became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and acts as the Group's platform to establish a foothold in the telecommunications market in Singapore. South Data has entered into contracts with several distributors in 2018 for the pre-paid telecommunications business. For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the revenue derived from the provision of telecommunications services decreased by approximately 71.8% to approximately HK\$1,643,000 when compared with approximately HK\$5,823,000 for the corresponding period last year. In respect of the distribution business, South Data has already successfully secured a contract with one of the largest e-commerce platform operator in Singapore (the "E-commerce Platform Operator") as a sale channel in which it will purchase mobile and data top-up e-vouchers from South Data and then resell to ultimate mobile users and the E-commerce Platform Operator has committed to procure not less than SGD36 million worth of mobile and data top-up credits in aggregate throughout the period ending 31 December 2020. The E-commerce Platform Operator has a wide distribution channel of over 800 point of sales in Singapore and the ultimate users can easily top up their mobile phones through various popular payment methods such as credit cards and online payment. For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the revenue derived from the distribution of mobile and data top-up business increased by approximately 17.8% to approximately HK\$34,609,000 when compared with approximately HK\$29,375,000 for the corresponding period last year. The Directors are confident that the new business would greatly improve the Group's business performance and operation and act as a milestone in the expansion of telecommunications market to other Asia Pacific territories.

The Company is also continuously exploring suitable business development/investment opportunities in the relevant telecommunications business, and will issue announcement(s) in accordance with the applicable GEM Listing Rules, as and when appropriate.

Besides exploring new revenue sources, the Group will at the same time implement stringent cost control measures in order to improve its business and financial performance. The Group is currently negotiating with the service providers to further reduce the unit cost of airtime and mobile data.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the revenue of the Group decreased slightly to approximately HK\$113,505,000 compared to approximately HK\$114,722,000 for the corresponding period last year, representing a decrease of approximately 1.1%. Revenue from the provision of telecommunications services and distribution business accounted for approximately HK\$28,873,000 and HK\$84,632,000 respectively, representing 25.4% and 74.6% of the Group's revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2019, respectively. The decrease was mainly attributable to the significant increase of revenue generated from the distribution business in Hong Kong which was partially offset by the decrease in revenue generated from the provision of telecommunications services in Hong Kong.

The Group's cost of sales increased by approximately 11.6% to approximately HK\$113,286,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 compared to approximately HK\$101,544,000 for the corresponding period last year. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in cost of the distribution business.

For the six months ended 30 June 2019, the gross profit of the Group decreased to approximately HK\$219,000 compared to approximately HK\$13,178,000 for the corresponding period last year, representing a decrease of approximately 98.3%. The decrease was mainly attributable to the significant decrease in revenue generated from the provision of telecommunications services in Hong Kong which in turn led to a gross loss of this segment for the six months ended 30 June 2019 as a certain amount of the operating costs in this segment are fixed costs in nature.

The Group's other income for the six months ended 30 June 2019 decreased by approximately 48.1% to approximately HK\$136,000 when compared with approximately HK\$262,000 for the corresponding period last year. The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease of interest income from bank deposits.

The Group's other net loss increased by approximately 90.2% to approximately HK\$1,482,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 compared to approximately HK\$779,000 for the corresponding period last year. The increase of other net loss was mainly due to the increase in fair value change on contingent consideration payables amounted to approximately HK\$1,500,000 for the acquisition of the Joint Top Group in September 2017.

The Group's administrative and other operating expenses for the six months ended 30 June 2019 increased by approximately 35.1% to approximately HK\$11,897,000 when compared to approximately HK\$8,808,000 for the corresponding period last year. The increase was primarily due to the increase in professional fees, staff costs and repair and maintenance fees.

The Group's finance costs for the six months ended 30 June 2019 was approximately HK\$24,000. No finance costs incurred for the six months ended 30 June 2018. The incurrence of finance costs was mainly due to the interest on lease liabilities recognised upon the initial adoption of IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019.

The Group recorded income tax credit of approximately HK\$191,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2019 while the Group's income tax expense for the six months ended 30 June 2018 was approximately HK\$1,035,000. Such income tax credit was mainly attributable to the decrease of deferred tax liabilities provided for the property, plant and equipment of the Group.

The Group recorded a loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2019 of approximately HK\$12,857,000 while it recorded a profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately HK\$2,818,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2018. The incurrence of loss was mainly attributable to (i) the significant decrease in revenue generated from the provision of telecommunications services in Hong Kong; (ii) the increase in fair value change on contingent consideration payables; and (iii) the increase in administrative and operating expenses especially in professional fees, staff costs and repair and maintenance fees.

OTHER INFORMATION

Update on the use of proceeds from the placing of the shares of the Company completed on 2 June 2010 ("IPO Proceeds")

This section is made by the Company to provide an update on the use of IPO Proceeds.

The IPO Proceeds were approximately HK\$69.2 million, amongst which approximately HK\$61.0 million had been utilised up to 30 June 2019. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 12 September 2018, the Directors had resolved to change part of the use of the unutilised net proceeds from the Placing. Therefore, the breakdown of the Company's actual use of the IPO Proceeds up to 30 June 2019 is as follows:

	Proposed use of the IPO Proceeds as disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 28 May 2010 (the "Prospectus") <i>HK\$ million</i>	Resolved change of use of the IPO Proceeds as disclosed in the announcement dated 12 September 2018 (the "Announcement") <i>HK\$ million</i>	Actual use of the IPO Proceeds from the date of listing to 30 June 2019 <i>HK\$ million</i> (unaudited)
Expansion of the business of mobile phone services in Macau, Taiwan and other Asia Pacific territories	22.7	22.7	22.7
Upgrading of the Group's telecommunications equipment for compatible with the mobile network operated by the Group's service providers in Hong Kong and the PRC	20.8	12.8	12.6
Development and implementation of RF-SIM business plans in Hong Kong and Macau	18.9	12.3	4.3
Distribution of mobile phones and equipment overseas (Note)	-	12.1	12.1
Working capital	6.8	9.3	9.3
Total	69.2	69.2	61.0

Note: As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 12 September 2018, the Directors had resolved to allocate part of the use of the unutilised net proceeds to distribution of mobile phones and equipment overseas.

Based on the information currently available and the Board's estimation of the future market condition, the Company intends to utilise approximately HK\$0.2 million (representing approximately 2.4% of the unutilised IPO Proceeds of approximately HK\$8.2 million) in the following manner:

1. Upgrading of the Group's telecommunications equipment for compatible with the mobile network operated by the Group's service providers in Hong Kong and the PRC

Up to 30 June 2019, approximately HK\$12.6 million out of approximately HK\$12.8 million of the changed use of IPO Proceeds allocated to the upgrading of the Group's telecommunications equipment for compatible with the mobile network operated by the Group's service providers in Hong Kong and the PRC has been utilised. The Group has successfully upgraded its network in Hong Kong to be compatible with 4G network in October 2017, which supports higher-speed mobile data transmission. The upgrade cost amounted to approximately HK\$8 million which includes the equipment cost of the 4G core networks, implementation cost of the core networks and first year system warranty. The Group plans to pay the entire upgrade cost by the IPO Proceeds, of which approximately HK\$7.8 million has been paid up to 30 June 2019 and the remaining HK\$0.2 million is expected to be paid in the second half of 2019. It is expected that no substantial cost will be further incurred for the upgrading of the 4G system within a short period of time.

2. Development and implementation of RF-SIM business plans in Hong Kong and Macau

Up to 30 June 2019, approximately HK\$4.3 million out of approximately HK\$12.3 million of the changed use of IPO Proceeds allocated to the development and implementation of RF-SIM business plans in Hong Kong and Macau has been utilised. Upon completion of the Placing, the Group originally intended to launch and promote the use of RF-SIM technology for applications including the access control services and promotion services for commercial customers and mobile wallet and payment services immediately upon the Placing. In view of this, the Group had explored with mobile network operators in Hong Kong to launch the above applications. However, the Group experienced difficulties in promoting the above applications to mobile network operators in Hong Kong because the market of electronic wallet and payment has been dominated by a stored value smart card system. The Group had also approached potential partners in Macau to attempt to launch similar RF-SIM applications but failed to reach any conclusion.

After attempting for around three years, the Group decided to shift the application of RF-SIM technology to smart living with mobile access to doors and other facilities. The Group approached various major residential property management companies to introduce the application of RF-SIM technology for smart living in large-scale private housing estates in Hong Kong. However, the co-operations were not materialised as the Group failed to agree the commercial terms with the management companies.

Since the completion of the Placing, the development and implementation of RF-SIM business continues to be one of the business development agendas of the Group and the Group continues to conduct in-house research to explore the different applications of the RF-SIM technology. The slow utilisation of the IPO Proceeds originally allocated to this segment was due to the slower than expected business development progress. The Company will closely monitor the development of its RF-SIM business and will consider the need to further change the use of the IPO Proceeds allocated to this segment if appropriate.

The remaining unutilised IPO Proceeds of approximately HK\$8.2 million have been placed as interest bearing deposits in banks. As at the date of this announcement, the Board confirmed that there is no plan to change the resolved change of the use of IPO Proceeds as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 12 September 2018. If there is any change to the resolved change of the use of IPO Proceeds, announcement will be published by the Company in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group adopts a sound financial policy and the cash surplus is deposited with the banks to facilitate extra expenditure or investment. As at 30 June 2019, the Group had no outstanding loan or borrowing, and the gearing ratio (being ratio of total long term borrowings to equity) was therefore inapplicable.

Unlisted Warrants

On 30 April 2014, the Company entered into a warrant subscription agreement (the "Warrant Subscription Agreement") with JD Edward Asset Management Company Limited, an independent third party (the "Subscriber") in relation to the subscription of a total of 200,000,000 unlisted warrants (the "Warrant(s)") by the Subscriber at the issue price of HK\$0.01 per unit of Warrants (the "Warrant Subscriptions"). For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 30 April 2014 and 29 May 2014. The subscription price for such warrant shares and the number of warrant shares to be issued and allotted upon exercise of the subscription rights attached to the Warrants have been adjusted from HK\$0.1648 to HK\$0.0549 and from 200,000,000 Shares to 600,000,000 Shares respectively, as a result of the completion of bonus issue of the Company on 23 June 2015. For details of the completion of the bonus issue, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 23 June 2015. On 23 November 2016, the Subscriber as transferred 200,000,000 Warrants to six individuals, as transferees, at a consideration of HK\$2,000,000 (at HK\$0.01 per Warrant). On 14 May 2019, two existing holders of Warrants, as transferors, transferred an aggregate of 155,000,000 Warrants to one existing holder of Warrants and one body corporate, as transferees, at a total consideration of HK\$1,550,000 (at HK\$0.01 per Warrant). On 20 May 2019, 195,000,000 Warrants had been exercised for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of approximately HK\$32,117,000 and the Company issued an aggregate of 585,000,000 new ordinary shares of a par value of HK\$0.01 each upon the exercise of the Warrants. The outstanding 5,000,000 Warrants were lapsed on 28 May 2019.

Issued Share Capital

As at 30 June 2019, total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$116,603,000 (31 December 2018: approximately HK\$98,059,000). As of 30 June 2019, the Company had an authorised share capital of HK\$100,000,000 dividend into 10,000,000,000 shares of a par value of HK\$0.01 each ("Share"), of which 3,697,500,000 Shares were issued.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group normally finances its operations with internally generated cash flows and capital contribution from shareholders. As at 30 June 2019, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$100,798,000 (31 December 2018: approximately HK\$78,128,000), including cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$50,170,000 (31 December 2018: approximately HK\$15,711,000). The current ratio was 8.9 as at 30 June 2019, higher than 8.1 as at 31 December 2018.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases which give rise to receivables, payables and cash balances that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily Renminbi ("RMB"), Singapore dollars ("SGD") and United States dollars ("US\$"). The Group currently does not have hedging policy in respect of the foreign currency risk. However, the management monitors the related foreign currency risk exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency risk exposure should the need arise. As at 30 June 2019, the Group did not have any derivatives for hedging against the exchange rate risk.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2019 bank deposits of HK\$200,000 (31 December 2018: HK\$200,000) were pledged for the issuance of a performance bond by a bank to a subsidiary in the Group.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Other than the contingent consideration payables of HK\$34,933,000, as at the date of this announcement, a performance bond of HK\$200,000 was given by a bank in favour of the Office of the Communications Authority ("OFCA") as security for the due performance and observance of the Group's obligation under Services-Based Operator Licence. The Group has pledged bank deposits for the above performance bond. The Directors do not consider it probable that a claim will be made against the Group.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION, DISPOSAL OR SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT

The Group did not have any material acquisition, disposals of subsidiaries or affiliated companies or significant investment during the period under review.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 30 June 2019, the Group had no capital commitments contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements (31 December 2018: approximately HK\$1,141,000).

SEGMENT REPORTING

In accordance with IFRS 8, Operating Segments, operating segment is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the key management team of the Company. The CODM reviews the Group's internal reports in order to assess performance, allocate resources and determine the operating segments. The Group has identified two reportable segments which are telecommunications services and distribution business. Details of the segment reporting are set out in note 6 to the unaudited financial report.

STAFF AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2019, the Group had 20 employees (31 December 2018: 23 employees). Among them, 10 employees worked in Hong Kong, 9 employees worked in the PRC and 1 employee worked in Singapore. Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and the performance, qualification and experience of individual employee. Year-end bonus based on individual performance will be paid to employees as recognition of and reward for their contributions. The Group also offers various staff welfare, including medical insurance, share option scheme, housing fund and social insurance. It believes that employees are the most valuable assets of the Group.

DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2019 (six months ended 30 June 2018: Nil).

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2019, so far as it is known to the Directors, the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had the following interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares or the debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations within the meaning of part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the provision of Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions of which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) and/or required to be entered in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules:

(i) Long position in shares of the Company:

Nature of Interest/ Capacity	Number of Ordinary Shares	Approximate Percentage of Shareholding
Interest of controlled corporation	2,088,750,000 (Note)	56.49%
Beneficial owner	101,250,000	2.74%
Beneficial owner Beneficial owner	30,000,000 30,000,000	$0.81\% \\ 0.81\%$
	Capacity Interest of controlled corporation Beneficial owner Beneficial owner	CapacityOrdinary SharesInterest of controlled corporation2,088,750,000 (Note)Beneficial owner101,250,000 30,000,000

Note: The 2,088,750,000 shares are owned by New Everich Holdings Limited ("New Everich") which is owned by Mr. Li Kin Shing and Ms. Kwok King Wa as to 54% and 46%, respectively. Mr. Li Kin Shing is the spouse of Ms. Kwok King Wa. Accordingly, Mr. Li Kin Shing is deemed to be interested in the 2,088,750,000 shares under the SFO.

(ii) Long position in New Everich, an associated corporation of the Company:

Name of Director	Nature of Interest/Capacity	Approximate Percentage of Shareholding
Mr. Li Kin Shing	Beneficial owner	100.00%

Note: New Everich is owned as to 54% and 46% by Mr. Li Kin Shing and Ms. Kwok King Wa respectively. Mr. Li Kin Shing is the spouse of Ms. Kwok King Wa. Accordingly, Mr. Li Kin Shing is deemed to be interested in the 100% interests in New Everich under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2019, none of the Directors nor the chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and/or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interest and/or short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 30 June 2019, so far as it is known to the Directors, the persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) with interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which would be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO or who are directly or indirectly interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group were as follows:

Long position in shares of the Company:

Name	Nature of Interest/ Capacity	Number of Ordinary Shares	Approximate Percentage of Shareholding
New Everich	Beneficial owner	2,088,750,000	56.49%
Ms. Kwok King Wa	Interest of controlled corporation	2,088,750,000 (Note 1)	56.49%
	Interest of spouse	101,250,000 (Note 2)	2.74%

Annrovimato

Notes:

- (1) The 2,088,750,000 shares are owned by New Everich which is owned by Mr. Li Kin Shing and Ms. Kwok King Wa as to 54% and 46%, respectively. Mr. Li Kin Shing is the spouse of Ms. Kwok King Wa. Accordingly, Ms. Kwok King Wa is deemed to be interested in the 2,088,750,000 shares under the SFO.
- (2) Mr. Li Kin Shing is the spouse of Ms. Kwok King Wa. Accordingly, Ms. Kwok King Wa is deemed to be interested in the 101,250,000 shares under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2019, so far as it is known to the Directors, there was no other person (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) with interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which would be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO or who are directly or indirectly interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this announcement, during the period under review, there was no rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or of any other body corporate granted to any Directors or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors, their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age to acquire such rights in the Company or any other body corporate.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has conditionally adopted a new share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") in the annual general meeting held on 11 May 2016, for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants (including employees, executives or officers, directors including executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors, advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers and agents of the Company or any of its subsidiaries) for their contribution to the long term growth of the Group and to enable the Company to attract and retain high caliber employees. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the Share Option Scheme will remain in force for 10 years from 11 May 2016.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme is 369,750,000 shares, representing 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at 30 June 2019. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options granted to each eligible participant in the Share Option Scheme (including both exercised and outstanding options) within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue. Any grant or further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting. A grant of share options under the Share Option Scheme to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, is subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors (excluding any independent non-executive director who is the grantee of the Option). In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, which would result in the shares issued and to be issued, upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding), to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of the grant in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 21 days from the date of offer upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determined by the directors, save that such a period shall not be more than 10 years from the date of offer of the share options and subject to the provisions for early termination as set out in the Share Option Scheme. There is no requirement of a minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised.

The exercise price of the share options shall be not less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company on the date of offer.

The Company did not grant or cancel any options under the Share Option Scheme any time during the six months ended 30 June 2019, and as at 30 June 2019, no option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme.

CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to protect the interests of the shareholders of the Company. In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules during the six months ended 30 June 2019.

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors in securities of the Company. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the adopted code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S SHARES

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any share of the Company.

COMPETING INTERESTS

During the six months ended 30 June 2019, save as disclosed below, none of the Directors or controlling shareholders of the Company nor their respective associates is considered to have interests in a business that competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group other than those businesses where the Directors have been appointed or were appointed as directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group.

Directel Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands, is held as to 50% and 50% by Mr. Li Kin Shing, a non-executive Director, the chairman of the Company, a controlling shareholder and a substantial shareholder of the Company, and Ms. Kwok King Wa, a controlling shareholder and a substantial shareholder of the Company and the spouse of Mr. Li Kin Shing, respectively. According to the GEM Listing Rules, Directel Limited is an associate of Mr. Li Kin Shing and Ms. Kwok King Wa.

Directel Limited is the legal and beneficial owner of the RF-SIM intellectual property rights in Hong Kong and Macau. Further, Directel Limited is the licensee of the operation rights of RF-SIM in markets other than the PRC in addition to its owned RF-SIM intellectual property rights in Hong Kong and Macau and it has the right to grant licences of the operation rights of RF-SIM intellectual property rights to others in markets other than the PRC. There is a risk that such services provided by Directel Limited may compete with the services provided by the Group as Directel Limited is expected to grant licences of the operation rights of RF-SIM intellectual property rights in other regions in the future.

Prior to 29 November 2018, Sunward Telecom Limited ("Sunward Telecom") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "Sunward Group") were wholly-owned by International Elite Ltd., a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and a listed company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1328), in which Mr. Li Kin Shing and Ms. Kwok King Wa were its controlling shareholders. Since 29 November 2018, the Sunward Group had been directly wholly-owned by Mr. Li Kin Shing. According to the GEM Listing Rules, the Sunward Group were the associates of Mr. Li Kin Shing and Ms. Kwok King Wa for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The Sunward Group, as a whole, is principally engaged in (i) the research and development, production and sales of RF-SIM products; (ii) licensing of the RF-SIM operations rights in markets other than Hong Kong and Macau, and (iii) research and development and technology transfer of CA-SIM application rights to customers.

The Directors confirm that as China-HongKong Telecom Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, has obtained the exclusive licence of the operation rights of RF-SIM intellectual property rights in Hong Kong and Macau and since the services provided by the Group are mainly in Hong Kong and Macau, there will be no direct competition between the services provided by Directel Limited, which are in territories other than the PRC, Hong Kong and Macau. There will also be no direct competition between the services provided by the Sunward Group, which its strategy is to concentrate on the application of the RF-SIM intellectual property rights in the PRC. Nevertheless, Mr. Li Kin Shing, Ms. Kwok King Wa and Directel Limited (as Covenantors) executed a deed of non-competition undertaking in favour of the Company on 24 May 2010 pursuant to which the Covenantors have undertaken to the Company inter alia, that (i) the Covenantors shall not, directly or indirectly, engage in, invest in, participate in, or attempt to participate in, whether on his/her/its own account or with each other or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person or company, any business which will or may compete with the RF-SIM business of the Group in Hong Kong and Macau; and (ii) in the event the Covenantors or their associates were given any business opportunities that is or may involve in direct or indirect competition with the business of the Group, the Covenantors shall assist the Company in obtaining such business opportunities in the terms being offered to the Covenantors, or more favourable terms being acceptable to the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an audit committee ("Audit Committee") on 20 May 2010 with written terms of reference in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules ("Terms of Reference"). The Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee were revised and adopted by the Board on 31 December 2018. For details, please refer to the Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee published on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange website on 31 December 2018. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review the Company's annual report and consolidated financial statements, half-yearly report and quarterly reports and to provide advice and comment thereon to the Board. The Audit Committee (on behalf of the Board) oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the financial reporting, risk management and internal control systems and the management has provided a confirmation to the Audit Committee (and the Board) on the effectiveness of these systems for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The Company has conducted review of its risk management and internal control systems periodically to discuss the financial, operational and risk management control. The Audit Committee is of the view that the risk management and internal control system implemented by the Group during the period under review had been valid and adequate.

The Audit Committee consists of the three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Lee Man Yee, Maggie, Mr. Chen Xue Dao and Mr. Liu Kejun. Ms. Lee Man Yee, Maggie is the chairman of the Audit Committee. The Group's unaudited results for the six months ended 30 June 2019 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee was of the opinion that such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and that adequate disclosures had been made.

By order of the Board Directel Holdings Limited Pang Kwok Chau Executive Director

Hong Kong, 9 August 2019

As at the date of this announcement, the executive Directors are Mr. Pang Kwok Chau and Mr. Li Wang; the non-executive Directors are Mr. Li Kin Shing, Mr. Wong Kin Wa and Mr. Hu Tiejun; and the independent non-executive Directors are Ms. Lee Man Yee, Maggie, Mr. Chen Xue Dao and Mr. Liu Kejun.

This announcement will remain on the "Latest Company Announcements" page of the website of GEM of the Stock Exchange at www.hkgem.com for at least 7 days from the day of its publication and on the Company's website at www.directel.hk.